

ARAB POWER BROKE IN WESTERN EGYPT

Correspondent Tells How Gen. Peyton Retook Seaboard for England.

MULTITUDE TO BE FED

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
LONDON, May 14.—The Daily Telegraph prints an interesting despatch from its correspondent in Egypt giving some idea of the fighting on the western frontier and the difficulties of the campaign.

There are several reasons, he says, "which make it unsafe to prophesy when the complete submission of the western Arabs will be secured, but any one who has been permitted to visit the long line of the country on Egypt's western seaboard and to go deep into the Libyan plateau along the boundaries of Tripoli sees the plainest evidence that the power they have for mischief is broken. There are a good many of the Mohafidh (the Reformed) uniformed soldiers still in the field, though they are a very long way from a place where their influence could be exerted against us on the coast."

"The value of the swift, unerring, paralyzing strokes of Gen. Peyton's little force lies in the resulting of the German and Turkish influence over the Bedouin. For several weeks the Bedouins have been surrendering at the rate of hundreds a day. They are marching toward the camps prepared for them many miles away, where the wives of the Turks are lost upon them and where food is freely given. Every party you meet is in a pitiable plight."

"The country is absolutely barren and not a grain of the barley of real quality which is Matriah's only contribution to the district is raised. The Arabs have been living on roots and snails, but the struggle for existence is terribly hard, and the curms in the desert tell of those fallen by the way. There are in this garrison two small Arab girls, who, abandoned by their tribe to die on the sandy wastes, were picked up by a patrol and brought into camp. They were mere skeletons and it seemed impossible that they could live, but the hospital sisters tenderly nursed them back to life."

Sir Partab Singh

INDIAN RULER, AT 71, INSISTS ON FIGHTING

Sir Partab Singh Returns to the Trenches at His Own Request.

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
LONDON, May 5.—Sir Partab Singh, the famous soldier of India, wants to die in the trenches if he has to die, and although the Indian rulers have gone from France to other fighting zones, Sir Partab has returned to the western front at his own request. This veteran Indian ruler, 71 years of age, came of the Rajput race and was a soldier from boyhood. He has frequently been wounded in the past, and was recently wounded by a bullet in the chest. He is now recovering in a hospital, but he has insisted on returning to the trenches. He is now in the trenches at his own request.

FRANCE CARING FOR MILLION REFUGEES

143,000 Belgians and 11,000 Serbians Included in the Number.

LIVE ON 25 CENTS A DAY

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
PARIS, May 4.—Nearly a million people, the exact figures being 925,000, who have been driven from their homes are scattered throughout France and draw allowances from the Government, half the number being under 16 years of age. The greatest number, 762,000, are French, refugees from the invaded departments, which could no longer keep "useless mouths" and from the danger zone of the front. The Belgians number 143,000, Alsace and Lorraine have sent 19,000 and Serbia 11,000.

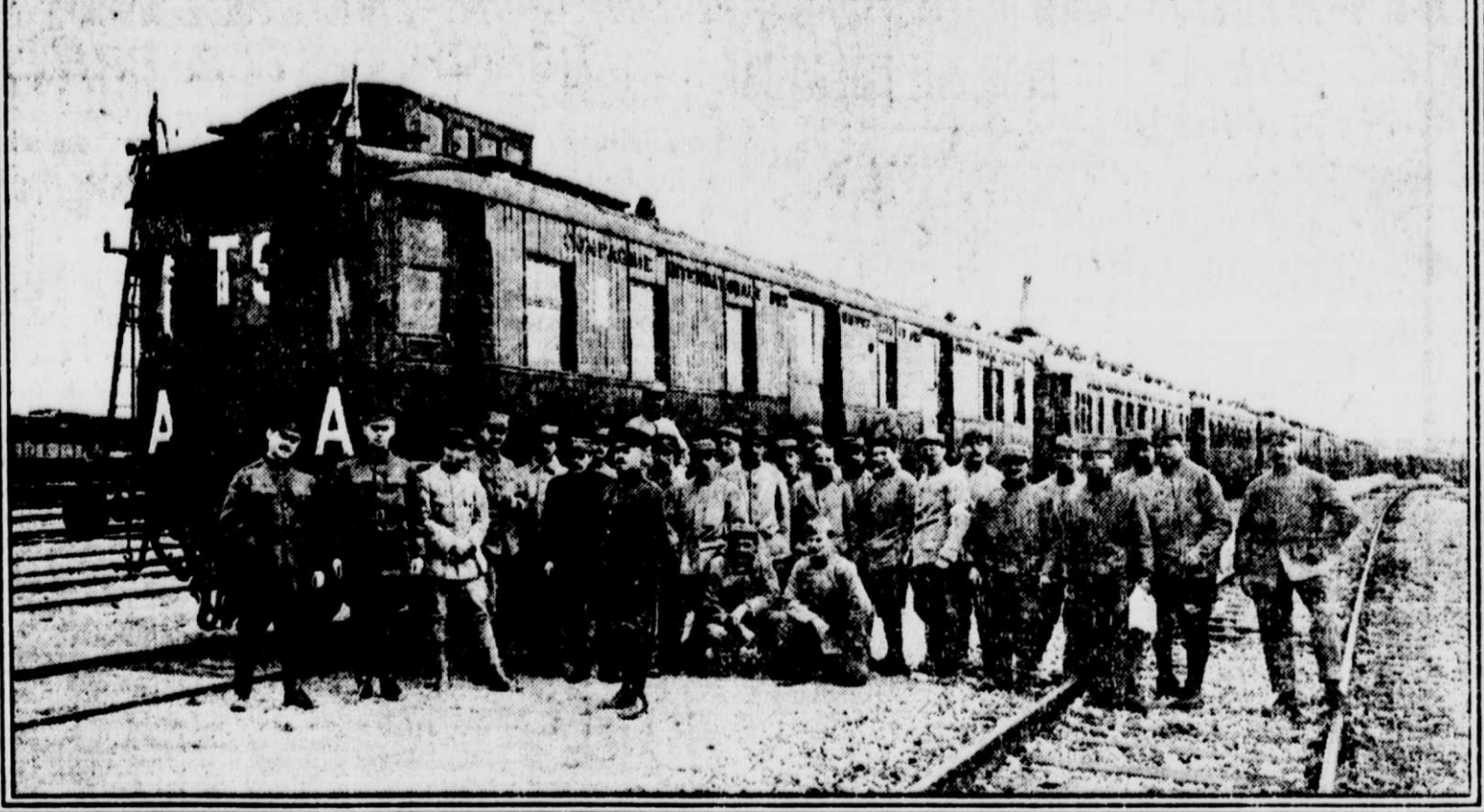
In addition to these refugees who need State aid there are about 120,000 who have means of their own, but these decrease as their means become exhausted. The first class of refugees to be aided was the "useless mouths" from fortresses like Maubeuge, Verdun, Toul, Epinal and Belfort. Before the war had lasted a fortnight 35,000 of these had to be provided with homes elsewhere.

After the battle of Charleroi and the rapid onrush of the Germans 115,000 Belgians and French had to be sent to the front, and when Paris was threatened with an attack in September, 15,000 who had built homes within the zone of the capital's fortifications had to be moved.

Refugees were at first installed in empty buildings, schoolhouses, etc., but it was soon found that some regular principle must be adopted, and every family not touched by the war was called upon to receive a refugee family, the State paying the expenses.

The battle of the Marne slackened the influx of refugees for a time, but when operations moved to the north the number became so great that they had to be moved not only by train but by bus, which carried them from Dunkirk, Calais and Boulogne to La Pallice, whence they were distributed among the south-west departments. Many families had to be sent to the front, and the Government had to provide for the food and clothing of the refugees. The Government had to provide for the food and clothing of the refugees.

American Ambulance Train in Use in France



One of the most important factors in the work of the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris has been the speed and ease with which wounded men have been transported to Paris for treatment in the hospital train of the institution. This hospital train was donated last December to the American Ambulance by two Americans who have kept their identity a secret. Two hundred and forty wounded soldiers are accommodated in the train, as well as a crew of thirty men.

Every possible convenience for the injured men has been installed in the train. There is a pharmacy, an operating room and a kitchen. The surgeons on the train have at hand everything necessary in the way of hospital equipment to care for their charges on route. Mobility is, of course, the chief advantage of the train over the ordinary hospital. When news of a great offensive on some part of the front was received, the train was immediately despatched to the scene of the heavy fighting and the lives of many men will be saved by the prompt treatment of their wounds by the surgeons of the hospital train. Of course the more delicate operations are not performed on the train, but the wounded are quickly transported to Paris or other hospital centers for speedy surgical treatment. The train may also be used in conveying the wounded to towns and villages in south France where mild weather and the most careful nursing save many lives.

ANZACS SENT FROM EGYPT TO FRANCE

Australians Delighted With Change as They Take Over Part of Line.

WORSE THAN GALLIPOLI

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
LONDON, May 10.—The most exciting announcement from the British front since the outbreak of the war has come this week. The Australian and New Zealand troops have been ordered to go to France and take over a part of the line. It had been repeatedly rumored that Australian troops had been ordered to go to France, but the official announcement came only yesterday. The Australian troops were ordered to go to France and take over a part of the line. The Australian troops were ordered to go to France and take over a part of the line.

ALLIES READY FOR DRIVE IN BALKANS

Tentons Have 350,000 Men to Oppose Advance Up the Vardar.

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
LONDON, May 10.—Great progress has been made in training women for farm work and the active support of the high direction and supervision of Lord Selborne is being carried on effectively throughout England.

An analysis of the week's official communiqués issued by the British, French and German military authorities up to Sunday night brings out the following results of this activity:

German aeroplanes brought down by the British.

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WOMEN OF ENGLAND ARE EXPERT WORKERS ON FARM

Many Are Trained in Norfolk School for Dairy and Other Work—Girls Find Employment as Shepherds.

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NEW FRENCH AERO SPEEDIEST OF ALL

Bleriot's "Spad" Travels 133 Miles an Hour on Its Trial Trips.

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
PARIS, May 3.—Fugate reports recently received in the French press to the effect that a new aeroplane had broken the world's speed record on two trial trips, having reached a speed of 133 miles an hour.

Mr. Bleriot's new machine is known as the "Spad" from the initials of the name of the company, "Société pour l'Aviation" (S. P. A.), which is a new form of the old "Blériot" company. It is a single-seater machine, with a wingspan of 28 feet, and a length of 22 feet. It is a single-seater machine, with a wingspan of 28 feet, and a length of 22 feet.

GERMANS LOSE 27 AEROPLANES IN WEEK

French Bring Down 16 and British 11—Allies Lose 15 Machines.

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
LONDON, May 2.—With the advent of strong weather aerial warfare is being waged on a larger scale than ever before. At no previous time have the attacks of both the Allies and the Germans been so vigorous in their efforts.

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U. S. MAY LOSE SWEDISH TRADE

Retaliatory Measure Against Envoys Affects This Country.

Special Correspondence to The Sun.
LONDON, May 25.—The American Legation at the request of American commercial representatives in Sweden, has been asked to issue a statement regarding the new law known as the "war trade" which, the American representatives claim, may result in shutting off the supply of goods to the United States and Sweden.

The law was adopted as a retaliatory measure against Great Britain because of her refusal to let goods enter Sweden unless they are covered by a guarantee that the goods are intended for use in Sweden, and that no part of the goods will be used in the manufacture of arms or munitions.

HALDANE NOT COMING HERE

Former Lord Chancellor Denies Report of Visit.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, May 26.—Lord Haldane, issued a denial today of a report that he is about to visit the United States.

No report that Lord Haldane planned to come to the United States has been published in this country. Lord Haldane was Lord High Chancellor in the Cabinet which was superseded by the present Coalition Cabinet and was the subject of bitter attacks by political opponents. He was not changed in his sympathies. Against these attacks Lord Asquith defended him.

HELD BY NEEDLE IN THUMB

Woman Prisoner at Sewing Machine for Half an Hour.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 26.—With the needle of a sewing machine through her left thumb, Mary Lamerkan, 50, of Valley street, was held a prisoner at her machine for half an hour. She became so faint that she was unable to call for help for several minutes after the accident.

The needle went through the fleshy part of the thumb when Mrs. Lamerkan was seated at the machine sewing. A neighbor, hearing Mrs. Lamerkan's cries, brought Patrolman Keen of the northeastern district to the house.

IRISH CLERGY NOT TO BLAME

Pope Expected to Denounce Dublin Uprising.

Rome, May 27.—The Irish clergy are expected to be denounced by the Pope for their part in the Dublin uprising. The Pope is expected to issue a statement regarding the Dublin uprising, in which he will condemn the actions of the Irish clergy.

Little Water in Roman Wells.

Wells in Roman Wells.

The wells furnished very little water, and the quantity of water which abounded in this area gave no hint like the quantity expected of them. Some of the underground systems I have seen and heard of in these wells would have been several feet of water. Yet this is a well in an unusual position, with the water level at a height of 100 feet above the sea level. The water level is at a height of 100 feet above the sea level.

CHYMIC CAPTAIN'S HEROISM

Went Back to Ship to Save Lives.

LONDON, May 12.—The heroism of the captain of the ship "Chymic" was the subject of a story in the Daily Mail. The captain, Mr. Chymic, was the captain of the ship "Chymic". He was the captain of the ship "Chymic". He was the captain of the ship "Chymic".

UNDERGROUND CANAL DUG

Finance Now Possesses Longest One in the World.

PARIS, May 12.—Finance has the longest underground canal in the world. The canal is the longest underground canal in the world. The canal is the longest underground canal in the world.

PARIS OPERA OPEN EVENINGS

No Evening Dress Allowed.

PARIS, May 11.—The Opera after opening its doors for matinee only with a mixed entertainment, which included a ballet, a play, and a song, is now giving a complete opera, instead of a mixed programme.

It is now decided to give a complete opera, instead of a mixed programme. It is now decided to give a complete opera, instead of a mixed programme.

WOMEN HERD COWS

Up till now the milks under the direction of Miss Stevenson.

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ONE NIGHT PERFORMANCE A WEEK

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FRENCH MINISTRY SUPPORTED

Denies Vote Down Attempt to Attack Official Speeches.

PARIS, May 23.—In the Chamber of Deputies today the Government and its supporters have defeated an attempt to attack the official speeches of the Government.

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